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## Large digit process signal display Fusion-P 6 digit version

## Installation \& Operating Manual



```
    Easy setup
\checkmark ~ F u l l y ~ s c a l a b l e ~
24V sensor excitaition output
10 point linearisation
Optional Output 4-20mA / 0-10V isolated
    Optional Alarm output = 2 or 4 relays
    Optional Comms Output = RS232 or RS485
    110-230V AC or 11-30V DC power
```

Caution: There is a risk of electrical shock if this instrument is not properly installed


Caution: Risk of danger: Read the whole manual before you install this meter


## Warranty

We warrant our products against defects in materials or workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase.

In the event of a defect during the warranty period, the unit should be returned, freight (and all duties and taxes) prepaid by the Buyer to the authorised distributor from where the unit was purchased.

The Distributor, at its option, will repair or replace the defective unit. The unit will be returned to the Buyer with freight charges prepaid by the distributor.

## LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from:

1. Improper or inadequate maintenance by the buyer.
2. Unauthorised modification or misuse.
3. Operation outside the environmental specification of the product.
4. Mishandling or abuse.

The warranty set forth above is exclusive and no other warranty, whether written or oral is expressed or implied. We specifically disclaim the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

## EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES

The remedies provided herein are the buyer's sole and exclusive remedies.
In no event shall we be liable for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages (including loss of profits) whether based on contract, tort or any other legal theory.

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## Warnings

Please carefully read this manual and all warnings. Install the display ONLY when you are sure that you've covered all aspects.


Where the product is intended for "UL" installations, removal or addition of option boards is not permitted.


Check that the model number and supply voltage suit your application before you install the display.

Connect the display according to current IEE regulations, IEC61010 \& NFPA:70 National Electric Code in USA.


Power supplies to this equipment must have anti-surge (T) fuses rated at 1 A for 230 V supply, 2A for 110 V supply, 5A for 48VAC supply or 10A for 11-30VDC.


Don't touch any circuitry after you have connected the display, because there may be lethal voltages on the circuit board.


Do not apply power to the display if its case is open.

Only adjust on-board switches or connections with the power turned off

Make sure all screw terminals are tight before you switch the meter on.

Only clean the display's case and window with a soft damp cloth. Only lightly dampen with water. Do not use any other solvents.


## Rear case screws - please note

The rear panel is held in place with finger-screws, which only need to be gently tightened.
Do not use tools to tighten or loosen the screws, as this could cause damage to the internal threads.
$\qquad$ Don't assume anything Always double check. If in doubt, ask someone who is QUALIFIED to assist you in the subject.

## Introduction

Please contact us if you need help, if you have a complaint, or if you have suggestions to help us improve our products or services.

If you contact us about a product you already have, please tell us the full model number and serial number, so that we can give you accurate and fast help.

This product has a 3 year warranty. We will put right or replace any display which is faulty because of bad workmanship or materials. This warranty does not cover damage caused by misuse or accident.

If you return a unit for repair, please include a detailed description of the problem, and the name of a contact who we can refer to for any questions. Please mark for the attention of the QA Department.

## IMPORTANT

If this equipment is important to your process, you may want to buy a spare to cover possible failure or accidental damage in the future.

This is because during factory shutdown periods, you may have to to wait several weeks for an equivalent replacement, or we may have no stock at the time you urgently need it.

You may also need to pay extra carriage charges if you want a fast, guaranteed courier service. Warranty repairs or replacements are usually returned with a standard courier service.

We do not offer compensation for losses caused by failure of this instrument.
If you do not agree with these conditions, please return this item in unused condition, in its original packaging and we will refund the purchase price, excluding any carriage paid.

We thought you'd prefer to know about possible delays and extra charges now, rather than during a panic. A spare unit could help to avoid these issues.

We always try to improve our products and services, so these may change over time. You should keep this manual safely, because future manuals, for new designs, may not describe this product accurately.

We believe these instructions are accurate, and that we have competently designed and manufactured the product, but please let us know if you find any errors.

## General Description

This series of displays accepts industrial sensors to allow various physical measurements to be made, such a weight, temperature, pressure, humidity etc. Different models are available for different sensor types.

The main function of this series is to give a clear numeric readout of the variable being monitored. Most models include an excitation power output, to power the sensor directly.

Various digit heights are available, to suit the maximum viewing distance required in each installation. For every 10 metres of viewing distance required, use 1 " of digit height.

Various optional output modules are also available to give alarm relay outputs, analogue output or digital communications, or any combination of these options.

Displays are programmed using front panel pushbuttons. The front panel buttons can be disabled. In addition, you can connect 4 remote wired pushbuttons to the display, so that you can make adjustments while the display is mounted in an inaccessible location.

Power supply options : 100-240 VAC, 48VAC or 11-30VDC
These displays must be installed fully assembled, and must be installed according to local electrical installation rules.

When properly installed, and provided they have been ordered with cable glands exiting the lower surface of the case, they provide ingress protection to IP65 / NEMA4X from all directions.

## Safety



Caution: There is a risk of electrical
shock if this display is not properly installed


Caution: Risk of danger: Read the whole manual before you install this display

Obey all safety warnings in this manual, and install the display according to local wiring and installation regulations. Failure to follow these guidelines may cause damage to the display, connected equipment, or may be harmful to personnel.

Any moving mechanical device controlled by this equipment must have suitable access guards to prevent injury to personnel if the display should fail.

# Suspension Mounting dimensions 



Detail showing bracket hardware fitting sequence


You can order these displays with the cable glands in the bottom surface (as shown) the rear, or top.

Rear glands allow you to mount the display on top of a cubicle, using the brackets shown.

* Do not use longer bolt threads than 12 mm , or you will fracture the female boss and the case will no longer be sealed.

| Display Format | $\mathbf{X} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | $\mathbf{H} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | $\mathbf{W} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | $\mathbf{Y} \mathbf{~ m m}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2" 4 digit clock | 231 | 154.5 | 291 | 247 |
| 2" 4 digit numeric | 219.5 | 154.5 | 279.5 | 249.5 |
| 2" 6 digit clock | 340 | 154.5 | 400 | 370 |
| 2" 6 digit numeric | 316 | 154.5 | 376 | 346 |
| 4" 4 digit clock | 393 | 195.5 | 453 | 423 |
| 4" 4 digit numeric | 374 | 195.5 | 434 | 404 |
| 4" 6 digit clock | 593 | 195.5 | 653 | 623 |
| 4" 6 digit numeric | 556 | 195.5 | 616 | 586 |
| 6" 4 digit | 520 | 246 | 580 | 550 |
| 6" 6 digit | 760 | 246 | 820 | 790 |
| 8" 4 digit | 690 | 290 | 750 | 720 |
| 8" 6 digit | 1012 | 290 | 1072 | 1042 |
| 12" 4 digit | 990 | 408 | 1050 | 1020 |
| 12" 6 digit | 1480 | 408 | 1540 | 1510 |
| 16" 4 digit | 1308 | 515 | 1368 | 1338 |
| 16" 6 digit | 1960 | 515 | 2020 | 1990 |

## Wall Mounting dimensions



Detail showing bracket hardware fitting sequence


You can order these displays with the cable glands in the bottom surface (as shown) the rear, or top.

Rear glands allow you to mount the display on top of a cubicle, using the brackets shown.

* Do not use longer bolt threads than 12 mm , or you will fracture the female boss and the case will no longer be sealed.

| Display Format | $\mathbf{X ~ m m}$ | $\mathbf{H} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | W mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2" 4 digit clock | 278 | 154.5 | 291 |
| 2" 4 digit numeric | 266.5 | 154.5 | 279.5 |
| 2" 6 digit clock | 387 | 154.5 | 400 |
| 2" 6 digit numeric | 363 | 154.5 | 376 |
| 4" 4 digit clock | 440 | 195.5 | 453 |
| 4" 4 digit numeric | 421 | 195.5 | 434 |
| 4" 6 digit clock | 640 | 195.5 | 653 |
| 4" 6 digit numeric | 603 | 195.5 | 616 |
| 6" 4 digit | 567 | 246 | 580 |
| 6" 6 digit | 807 | 246 | 820 |
| 8" 4 digit | 737 | 290 | 750 |
| 8" 6 digit | 1059 | 290 | 1072 |
| 12" 4 digit | 1037 | 408 | 1050 |
| 12" 6 digit | 1527 | 408 | 1540 |
| 16" 4 digit | 1355 | 515 | 1368 |
| 16" 6 digit | 2007 | 515 | 2020 |

## Panel mounting dimensions



Detail showing bracket hardware fitting sequence

## Panel cutout dimensions

$A+3 m m(h) \times B+3 m m(w)$


| Display Format | H mm | A mm | B mm | Wmm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2" 4 digit clock | 172.5 | 154.5 | 291 | 309 |
| 2" 4 digit numeric | 172.5 | 154.5 | 279.5 | 297.5 |
| 2" 6 digit clock | 172.5 | 154.5 | 400 | 418 |
| 2" 6 digit numeric | 172.5 | 154.5 | 376 | 394 |
| 4" 4 digit clock | 213.5 | 195.5 | 453 | 471 |
| 4" 4 digit numeric | 213.5 | 195.5 | 434 | 452 |
| 4" 6 digit clock | 213.5 | 195.5 | 653 | 671 |
| 4" 6 digit numeric | 213.5 | 195.5 | 616 | 634 |
| 6" 4 digit | 264 | 246 | 580 | 598 |
| 6" 6 digit | 264 | 246 | 820 | 838 |
| 8" 4 digit | 308 | 290 | 750 | 768 |
| 8" 6 digit | 308 | 290 | 1072 | 1090 |
| 12" 4 digit | 426 | 408 | 1050 | 1068 |
| 12" 6 digit | 426 | 408 | 1540 | 1558 |
| 16" 4 digit | 533 | 515 | 1368 | 1386 |
| 16" 6 digit | 533 | 515 | 2020 | 2038 |

## Connections



Disconnect all power before removing the rear of the display

There is a wide range of possible locations for the input board, output board and power supply board/s. Their locations depend on the height of digits, number of digits, brightness of digits and any installed options. Because the permutation of possible locations is large, we will not describe the location of boards within the display, but simply identify the connectors and their functions on each board, below ...


Processor and signal input board
Signal Input \& Excitation Logic Inputs Power




Remote contacts (5V DC 1mA)
Connection Examples
A) $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ direct, Term 2 = -, Term=+
B) $4-20 \mathrm{~mA} 2$ wire transmitter, link terminals $1 \& 2$, Term $=-$, Term6=+
C) 0-10V direct, Term 2 $=-$, Term 4 $=+$
D) 3 wire potentiomer (if POT option ordered) link terminals $1 \& 2$ to low end of potentiometer, Term to wiper, Term6 to high end of pot



Connectors and options Connectors may be presenteven if output options are not installed.
Refer to rating label to see installed options.

Output option board (if fitted)


AL4 AL3 AL2 AL1
Rated 2A 250VAC Resistive

Enable is used in mode C1 to activate or de-activate the RS232 or RS485 serial output. Connect to Comm to continually transmit data.

$+$

## Remote programming button connector

On one of the display boards, you will find a 7 way connector, to which you can wire remote programming buttons, to allow adjustment of the display's settings when the display is inaccessible.

You can also enable or disable the display's front panel buttons, either by a remote contact closure, or by an on-board push-on jumper switch, which is located near to the remote button connector. When the contact is closed, or the push-on switch fitted, the front buttons are enabled.



## Rear case screws - please note

The rear panel is held in place with finger-screws, which only need to be gently tightened.
Do not use tools to tighten or loosen the screws, as this could cause damage to the internal threads.

## Installation hints for best performance

This section offers several suggestions which will help you get the best performance from your measurement system.

Some sensors generate comparitively small signals which can easily be corrupted by the potentially high level of electrical noise which can be created by electrical machinery such as motors, welding systems, discharge lighting, AC power inverters and solenoids. These steps will ensure you get the best possible performance from your system.

1. Use good quality screened signal cable, with twisted pairs. Belden 8777 NH , Belden 9503 and AlphaWire 6010C are good choices, available from many electrical distributors.
2. If you are using multi-pair twisted cable, each pair should be dedicated to a single display as shown opposite, for maximum noise immunity.This will ensure that any electrical noise induced in the cable is properly cancelled. Mixing destinations carelessly amongst the twisted pairs can actually worsen noise performance.
3. The cable should be routed away from noisy wiring and devices such as power feeds from inverters, discharge-lighting cables, welder cabling etc, and should preferrably be routed in a dedicated low voltage signalling/instrumentation conduit or cable tray.
4. Screened cable should be earthed at the display end only.
5. All wires and screens coming out of the screened cable should be kept as short as possible to minimise pickup of noise.
6. If you are using barriers, you should earth your screen as shown below, paying particular care that you do not earth both ends of any run of of cable.

When using multi-core screened cable to connect several displays to several sensors, please be sure to use one twisted pair for each display and sensor.
Do NOT use a wire from one pair for signal positive and a wire from another pair for signal negative, as this will prevent the
twisted cables form cancelling any induced electrical noise.


Clean earth $P$

Sensors

## 48V AC power wiring option



## Display Brightness

You can adjust the display brightness at any time, provided the display is locked.


Did you know, we make this display in two brightness versions?
Standard brightness for use inside, and Daylight Viewing for use outside in direct sunlight. The Daylight Viewing version has suffix -DLV in its part number.

## Meter Calibration Modes

You can choose from two main calibration methods.

1. Direct Calibration - this is when you connect the meter to your system and make the meter read what you want it to, at 2 different points. This is the preferred calibration method, because it allows you to calibrate the system as a whole.
2. Theoretical Calibration - this is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the bottom and top of its range and then type in the value the display should show, for each signal level.

How to choose a calibration method:-


If you chose Theoretical, you will now be asked whether your input signal will be DC Current or DC voltage ... the display will show inPut followed by df 8 or dL U


## Direct Calibration - Full Scale Setting

This is when you connect the meter to your system and make the meter read what you want it to, at 2 different points. This is the preferred calibration method, because it allows you to calibrate the system as a whole.

How to do direct calibration:-
If you have not done so before, please select Direct Calibration mode from the previous page.

First we recommend you set the FULL SCALE calibration ...


## Direct Calibration - Zero Setting

How to calibrate the ZERO point.


You can set Zero first, if you prefer, but you will not be able to change the decimal point position in the ZERO calibration step.

This will not be an issue if your zero calibration reading is 0 , but may become confusing otherwise.

When you have finished your calibration, please remember to put the calibration lockout switch in its ON position, to protect your settings.

## Linearisation with Direct Calibration

If your system is non linear, you can calibrate the meter and correct for this with the lineariser function.

You will need to apply a series of known loads, starting at 0 and working up to full scale. You will then tell the meter what it should read for each applied load. You can use up to 10 points.

First, you must select Direct Calibration Mode (see page on calibration Modes) Then, proceed as shown below...


If the display shows $L$ in.OfF, press Set2 button briefly so that the display shows
L in.Un, then press OK


The display will show 5Et 00
Ensure no load is applied to the system and press OK.

The display will now show rd 00 You can now tell the meter what it should display for this load.

Select each digit in turn with the DIGIT button, and increase or decrease each digit's value using the UP or DOWN button, until the display is set as required. Press OK when done.


Continued ...

## Linearisation with Direct Calibration - cont'd.



## Theoretical Cal. - Decimal Point \& Full Scale

This is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the top and bottom of its range and the value to display, for each signal level.


If you have not done so before, please select Theoretical Calibration mode from the Meter Calibration page AND choose whether your input is current or voltage.

First we recommend you set the FULL SCALE calibration ...


Press to accept
You can now specify the maximum input signal. Use DIGIT to select each digit in turn, and the UP or DOWN arrow to increase or decrease each digit's value, as required. eg set 20.0000 if your input is $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$


Display now shows rd H , briefly. You can now specify the maximum reading and decimal point position. Press Set2 button for 3 seconds to set decimal point position. Use up and down arrows to move the decimal point and press OK when done. Then, use DIGIT to select each digit in turn, and the UP or DOWN arrow to increase or decrease each digit's value, as required. eg set 100.000 if your display range is 0 to 100.000


## Theoretical Calibration - Low end calibration

This is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the top and bottom of its range and the value to display, for each signal level.

If you have not done so before, please select Theoretical Calibration mode from the Meter Calibration page.


You can set Zero first, if you prefer, but you will not be able to change the decimal point position in the ZERO calibration step. This will not be an issue if your zero calibration reading is 0 , but may become confusing otherwise.

## Linearisation with Theoretical Cal.

If your system is non linear, you can calibrate the meter and correct for this with the lineariser function.

With this method, you can enter theoretical values for input signal and display values, without having to connect a sensor.

First, you must select Theoretical Calibration Mode (see page on calibration Modes) Then, proceed as shown below...


Continued ...

## Linearisation with Theoretical Cal. - cont'd.



## Sensor Drift correction

If your system is normally reading 0, for example as is typical with platform scales or a torque meter, you may find a small amount of sensor drift caused by changes in temperature, ageing etc.

We can automatically correct for slow, long term drift, by comparing your signal to 0 every 30 seconds, and re-calibrating to remove any detected movement.

This does not affect the sensititivity of your system, and is only applied for readings less than 8 least-significant counts.

The corrected value is stored in non-volatile memory, so that any drift trend will be re-applied after you have switched off the meter.


## Logic input functions

The three contact closure inputs on the rear of the meter have default functions which are:-
Contact closure $1=$ Tare
Contact closure 2 = Peak/Valley display
Contact closure 3 = Reset
You can re-assign these to include :HOLD, Nett/Gross value display, Memory page address 1,2 or 4 (only if Multi-memory MEM option is installed)


|  |  | Use UP or DOWN buttons to select from these available functions... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Defaults are:- <br> [C. $1=$ ERrE <br> [C. $2=P \mathrm{U}$ <br> CL. $3=r 5 t$ | tRrE $=$ Tare display to 0 |
|  |  | PU = Peak/Valley toggle |
|  |  | r5t = Reset |
|  |  | HoLd = Freeze display |
|  |  | nEt.9ro = Nett/Gross display |
|  |  | PR.1 = Page Address 1* |
|  |  | PR.2 = Page Address 2* |
|  |  | PR.Ч = Page Address 4* |



[^0]
## Logic input connections and front buttons

The previous page explained how to select the functions of the 3 logic inputs. You can connect remote contact closures or open NPN collectors to activate these logic inputs.

The logic input provides a 5V DC signal. When you connect this to common, a current of 1 mA will flow. Because this is a small signal, we recommend you use switches with gold plated contacts, or self cleaning contacts, for best long term reliability.

The logic inputs are not galvanically isolated from the input signal.
The logic inputs are only activated when the lockout switch is $\mathrm{ON} \longrightarrow$


| cRrE | Tares display to 0 . Often used in weighing systems to zero a display prior to making a measurement. Net weight is shown once tared. When a display has been tared the small LED above the Set1 button will be illuminated. |
| :---: | :---: |
| PU | Peak/Valley toggle. Allows you to view the maximum and minimum values which have been displayed since last reset. 0\% LED illuminates when showing valley, $100 \%$ LED illuminates when showing peak. |
| rSt | Reset. This clears any tare, peak, valley, alarm latch |
| HoLd | $=\quad$ Freezes the displayed value for as long as the Hold input is closed |
| nEt.9ro | $=$ Allows you to toggle between Nett and Gross values on the display |
| P9.1 .. 4 | Page Addresses, if MEM option is installed. |

## Factory Defaults

You can return the display to its factory default conditions whenever you wish. If you do so, you will permanently loose all your settings and will need to start from the beginning again.

The calibration Audit Counter will NOT be reset, there is no way provided to reset this value, as it is intended as a secure record to indicate whether changes have been made to the display since it was last calibrated..


## Calibration audit number

Your display includes a non-resettable counter which increments each time you make a change to the display's calibration. This is useful if you want to check whether a display has been altered since it was last calibrated.

The Calibration audit number starts at [RL $\mathrm{D}:$ up to CRL FF allowing up to 255 alterations to be recorded. Whenever you want to check the calibration audit number, press and hold the 2 outer buttons (Set1 + Alarms) for more than 3 seconds.


## Signal Filtering / Averaging

You can adjust the filtering time constant to reduce the effect of noise or instability on your input signal.

A larger FIL value will give a more stable display, but the response to signal changes will be slower.

Because your output options, such as analogue output, alarm relays and serial output are all derived from the displayed value, they will respond at the same rate as the filtered display.


See also Filter Jump setting if your signal is particularly noisy and you cannot get sufficient smoothing with this filter.

This meter also includes an active filter for removing the effects of vibration. It is shipped with the filter enabled for maximum stability. You can move a push-on jumper switch to change the filter response to maximum speed if you wish. See below.


## Filter Jump value

See the Easy/Advanced mode selection page near the beginning of this manual, and choose advanced mode.

The Filter Jump value allows you to decide how the display will respond to a process step change. It does this by overriding the filtering, if the input signal moves by more than a chosen amount in one conversion. The Filter Jump default value is 10\%.

This means that for noise amplitude which has a peak value of less than $10 \%$ of the input range, filtering will be applied. Any signal movement greater than $10 \%$ of the input range will cause the display to jump immediately to that value, without filtering. After that jump, normal filtering will be re-applied, provided signal movement thereafter is less than $10 \%$ per conversion.

## Guidance:

For noisy systems, increase the Filter Jump value up to a maximum of 99. Choose a value which gives a good compromise between filtering and response speed.

For reasonably clean signals, a Filter Jump value of around 10 or less will give a good compromise between filtering and response speed to step change inputs.


## Last Digit rounding up by 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50

You can adjust the way the display rounds up, which is useful if you want to display a very large number, but do not want jitter on the last digit.

The display can be set to round up to the nearest 1 (no rounding) $2,5,10,20$ or 50


## Scale Factor adjustment

After you have calibrated your meter, you can use the SCALE feature to make fine adjustments to calibration, without affecting the calibration itself.

## Examples

## 1.Changing weight units of measure from kg to pounds

You could also use the SCALE to convert your readout from kg to pounds, without affecting the calibration. Simply set SCALE $=2.205$ and your meter which was calibrated in kg will now read in pounds.

## 2. Correcting for gravitational variance

Your weighing system was calibrated where gravitational acceleration $=9.812 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (London) You then move the system to Bankok where gravitational acceleration is reduced to $9.782 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$

You can correct for this difference by setting Scale $=9.812 / 9.782=1.003$, so that a given mass in Bangkok will show the same weight as it did in London. Set Offset $=0.0000$ See http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earth\'s_gravity


You may want to adjust an offset value also, see separate OFFSET page for this feature.

## Offset adjustment

After you have calibrated your meter, you can use the OFFSEt feature to make fine additions or subtractions to the reading, without affecting the calibration itself.

For example if your weighing structure is altered after calibration and you want to subtract the effect of 37 kg of extra metalwork which was welded to the hopper, you can easily do this by entering a value of -37 in the offset value.


You may want to adjust a SCALE FACTOR value also, without affecting calibration. See the separate SCALE page for this feature.

## Menu timeout adjustment

The display has a default timeout of 60 seconds, to allow you sufficient time to refer to the manual between key operations.

You can make this period shorter, if you wish, once you become more familiar with the setup method.


## Reverse Display function (mirror image)

If you need to be able to see a reflection of the display in a mirror or other reflective surface, for example in a simple heads-up system, or for drivers reversing into a bay, using mirrors only, you can set the display to show as a mirror image.



Example of normal display format displaying the number 876543


Example of Mirror Reverse display format displaying the number 876543

## Bootup routine and Tare save choices

When you switch on your meter, it can be set to power up with 3 possible summary message combinations. The choices are:-

| boot $0=$ | Segment test, followed by a full summary of software revision, <br> calibration audit number, model number, installed options. |
| :--- | :--- |
| boot $1=$ | Segment test followed by model number (Default) |
| boot $2=$ | No summary, meter displays the measurement value |
| boot $3=$ | All segments illuminate permanently, until a button is pressed |



You can trigger the full summary message whenever you want, without having to power the meter off, by pressing and holding the 2 outer buttons (Set1 + Alarms) for more than 3 seconds.

## Multi-Program Memory option MEM

The three contact closure inputs on the rear of the meter may be used to call up between 1 to 7 additional meter setup memories (pages), if the MEM option has been installed. This allows you to save up to 8 complete sets of independent calibrations, alarm settings, analogue output settings and serial comms settings.

First decide how many memory pages you want, as this will determine how many logic inputs you will need to use for the addressing. Logic inputs not required for Page Addressing can be used for other functions such as Tare, Reset, Display Hold, Peak/Valley display.

If you have used all 3 logic inputs for Page Addressing, you can still use the meter's front panel buttons to perform Tare, Reset and peak/Valley view.

See "Contact Closure Input Functions" page for CC.1, CC.2, CC. 3 and COP settings
Total number of pages Logic Inputs required for addressing

1
$2 \quad 1$ Set CC. $1=$ PA. 1
3 or 4
5 to 8

2 Set CC. 1 = PA. 1, Set CC. 2 = PA. 2
3 Set CC. 1 = PA. 1 , Set CC. 2 = PA. 2 , Set CC. 3 = PA. 4

1. Set lockout switches OFF, and set page address to 0 or unplug the logic connector.
2. Set the copy instruction to [OP. i in page address 0 ( found after you set CC3) .
3. Press all 4 buttons together, display shows dEFS.n
4. Press the Up arrow to change display to dEF5. $\zeta$ and press OK.
5. If you want all channels to share a common setting, eg calibration, do that setting now.
6. When you want to do separate settings for each channel, set COP. 0

## Programming and recalling individual pages

Plug the logic input connector back in, if you removed it earlier. Select a page address using the switch combinations shown below, wired to the Logic Input connector ...

Page address 0
Page address 1
Page address 2
Page address 3
Page address 4
Page address 5
Page address 6
Page address 7

All logic inputs open
CC. 1 closed to Common
CC. 2 closed to Common
CC. 1 and CC. 2 closed to Common
CC. 4 closed to Common
CC. 1 and CC. 3 closed to Common
CC. 2 and CC. 3 closed to Common

All logic inputs closed to Common


Perform the settings you require, according to the pages in this manual. Do this for all page addresses required. Then put the lockout switch in its ON position. Now, if you select a page address, the meter will briefly confirm the chosen page address on screen, and will then function according to the settings you programmed for that address.

## Error codes and fault finding

## $--110-\infty$

1. Under Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is more negative than its limit of -199999

## $--1 / 10-\infty$

2. Over Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is higher than its limit of 999999

These fault codes could be displayed because the signal is too negative, too positive, or because there is a wiring error, or because the display's scaling has been adjusted to give excessive sensitivity, or because there is a fault in the display.
a. If you are connecting a $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ signal to the display, please measure the DC millivolt signal between terminals 2(-) and 3(+) Ideally, you will measure 132 mV at 4 mA and 660 mV at 20 mA .

If the voltage is much higher, there may be a problem with the 33 Ohm input shunt resistor.

You can verify this as follows...

Remove the input signal and power connectors to the meter, and measure the resistance between terminals 2 and 3 . This should be 33 Ohms. If it is more than this, the resistor has probably been overloaded and burned by having a voltage connected across it. Please check your field wiring to ensure that no more than 30 mA or 1 V can be applied to the current input terminals.

Sometimes excessive current can feed to the current input of the display if your 2 wire $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ transmitter is faulty or is wired incorrectly, because we rely on the transmitter to regulate the loop current between 4 and 20 mA . The excitation power supply for the loop may have a much higher capacity than 20mA.
b. If the measurements above were satisfactory, the problem may be caused by the scaling being too sensitive.

If you are happy to do so, it is a simple matter to reset the display's scaling to the factory default conditions. Put the lockout switch off and press all 4 buttons together for around 3 seconds until the display shows "dEFS n". Then press the UP button once so the display shows "dEFS Y". Now press the OK button and the display will be reset to factory defaults.

If still no success, please return the display to us for the attention of our QA Manager, with a report of what you found, for repair.

# How to install option boards 

Warning: Disconnect

If you want to open your display to install or modify option boards, follow these steps...

1) Switch off power to the display and unplug all connectors.
2) Undo all the thumb screws on the rear case, store them safely and remove the back panel
3) Locate the main option board, which will be similar in appearance to the diagram below. If a main option board is absent, which will be the case if the display was ordered without any output options, then a main option board will need to be fitted.

The board assemblies will look like this...


The analogue output and RS232 or RS422 plug-in option boards are fixed to the main option board with white plastic pillars. You must apply a firm force when fitting or removing these options.

Always be careful to connect the pins to sockets accurately. When reassembling, make sure option boards are firmly fixed to the upper option board.

## Waste Electrical Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

In Europe, this equipment must be disposed of in accordance with European Parliamentary Directive 2002/96/EC

This directive encourages recycling and the reduction of waste materials in the environment.

This means it must be sent to an approved recycling plant if you want to dispose of it.
It must not be thrown away with general rubbish.


If you are unable to dispose of this item locally, you may send it to us for recycling.

## Conditions:

1. We will only accept items of our manufacture.
2. You must pay for the transport of the goods to us.
3. We will only accept items if they include a signed declaration by an authorised person in your organisation, stating that :-
i. The item is safe to handle and has no contaminants which may be harmful to health.
ii. You wish us to dispose of or destroy the item(s)

## Equipment Specifications

## Case Material Connectors

Environmental

## Power

Burden
Sealing

Heavy duty welded uPVC
Internal detachable Screw Terminal connectors accessed via compression glands
Storage Temperature range -20 to +70 C , non condensing Operating temperature range 0 to 50 C . Internal heater option available for use in conditions down to -25C

100-240 VAC, 48 VAC 45 to 60 Hz , 11-30 VDC optional 40VA maximum

IP65 all round, provided the display is mounted vertically and that all cable glands and rear case-closure screws are properly secured.

| Input Signals (bipolar) | 0-10V, $0-5 \mathrm{~V}, 1-5 \mathrm{~V}, 0-10 \mathrm{~mA}, 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}, 4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input Resistance | 1 Megohm for voltage, 2 (two) Ohms for current inputs |
| Accuracy | +/-0.05\% of range. Allow 30 minutes to reach vthermal equilibrium. |
| Span tempco | 25 ppm/Degree Celsius |
| Zero Tempco | $30 \mathrm{ppm} /$ Degree Celsius |
| 24V Excitation voltage | 24 VDC nominal rated at 60 mA |
| 10V Excitation voltage | 10 VDC nominal rated at 20 mA |
| Filtering / smoothing | Selectable time constants of 0 to 25 seconds. 7 Hz active LP filter |
| A/D conversion | Sigma-Delta 10 conversions per second, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ rejection Resolution 1 in 400000 max. over full range |
| Display update rate | 10 readings per second. |
| Display Range (max) | -199999 to 999999, depending on available signal level. |

## Plug-In Output Options

$0-10 \mathrm{~V}, 0-5 \mathrm{~V}, 1-5 \mathrm{~V}, 0-10 \mathrm{~mA}, 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}, 4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$
1 Megohm for voltage, 2 (two) Ohms for current inputs +/-0.05\% of range. Allow 30 minutes to reach vthermal equilibrium. 25 ppm/Degree Celsius
30 ppm/Degree Celsius
24VDC nominal rated at 60 mA
10 VDC nominal rated at 20 mA
Selectable time constants of 0 to 25 seconds. 7 Hz active LP filter Sigma-Delta 10 conversions per second, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ rejection
Resolution 1 in 400000 max. over full range
10 readings per second.
-199999 to 999999, depending on available signal level.

Manuals and specifications available from our website

## Record of Revisions

6 September 2010

17 November 2010

5 January 2011
2 Feb 2011
28 February 2011
30 August 2011
22 August 2014
21 January 2016
14 February 2017
13 March 2019

[^1]
## Declaration of CE Conformity

## Declaration Reference : INTUITIVE Mk2 <br> Issue Date : 30 April 2007 <br> Products Covered : INTUITIVE Mk2 series <br> Title <br> : DOC-INTUITIVE2

This is to confirm that the Product covered by this declaration has been designed and manufactured to meet the limits of the following EMC Standard :

EN61326-1:1997
and has been designed to meet the applicable sections of the following safety standards
EN61010-1:2001


## Conditions

The meters are permitted a worst case error of $1 \%$ of $A / D$ range during electro-magnetic disturbance, and must recover automatically when disturbance ceases without the need for human intervention, such as resetting, power-down etc.

The meters covered by this certificate must be installed in adherence to the following conditions:-

Signal cabling shall be routed separately to power carrying cabling (includes relay output wiring)

All signal cabling shall be screened. The screen shall only be terminated to the power earth terminal at the meter end of the cable.

Declared as true and correct, for and on behalf of London Electronics Ltd.

## J.R.Lees <br> Director

We design and manufacture a wide range of standard and custom monitoring and control equipment.

All our UK manufactured products have a 3 year warranty.

Real-Time Production-Line Displays
Large Digital Displays sealed IP65


Message Displays sealed IP65


Signal Transmitters / Isolators



[^0]:    * Only available if the Multi-memory MEM option is installed

[^1]:    Version F0.18 Software released. Manual format revised to improve clarity and segregate easy from advanced menu functions. Optional outputs now described in their own dedicated manuals. DIN Rail mounting option added. Cabling guidance added.
    Version F00.19 Software released. Intended for use with 9122-2470 input board, having switched capacitor input filter feature.
    The newly released $9122-2470$ input board allows selection of 5 V or 10 V excitation.
    Version F00.20 Software released. Allows serial data output to derived fron Net or Gross measurement.
    Version F00.21 Software released. Adds an extra bootup routine to permanently illuminate all segments
    Warranty increased to 3 years and terms added.
    Corrected Remote Programmer connection details.
    Version F00.23 software released. Active filter added
    Mounting dimensions amended for flush case bosses
    F4.01 software released, plus V5 input board
    Changed input resistance to 2 Ohms for $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$

