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Panel mounting process indicator

IL2-P

Connection details, scaling and general information



Caution: There is a risk of electrical shock if this instrument is not properly installed



Caution: Risk of danger: Read the whole manual before you install this meter



Warranty

We warrant our products against defects in materials or workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase.

In the event of a defect during the warranty period, the unit should be returned, freight (and all duties and taxes) prepaid by the Buyer to the authorised distributor from where the unit was purchased.

The Distributor, at its option, will repair or replace the defective unit. The unit will be returned to the Buyer with freight charges prepaid by the distributor.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from:

- 1. Improper or inadequate maintenance by the buyer.
- 2. Unauthorised modification or misuse.
- 3. Operation outside the environmental specification of the product.
- 4. Mishandling or abuse.

The warranty set forth above is exclusive and no other warranty, whether written or oral is expressed or implied. We specifically disclaim the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES

The remedies provided herein are the buyer's sole and exclusive remedies.

In no event shall we be liable for direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages (including loss of profits) whether based on contract, tort or any other legal theory.

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^{*} Need a manual urgently? You can download manuals from our website

Warnings

Please carefully read this manual and all warnings. Install the meter ONLY when you are sure that you've covered all aspects.



Where the product is intended for "UL" installations, removal or addition of option boards is not permitted.



Check that the model number and supply voltage suit your application before you install the meter.



Connect the meter according to current IEE regulations, IEC61010 & NFPA:70 National Electric Code in USA.



This meter is for Installation class II service only. This means it has exposed electrical and power terminals. You must install it in a suitable fire enclosure which will also protect users from electric shock



We designed this meter for Pollution-Degree 2 environments only.



Power supplies to this equipment must have anti-surge (T) fuses rated at 400mA for 230V supply, 400mA for 110V supply or 2A for DC supplies in the range 11-30VDC. Only Siba fuses in series 189500, c**UL**us listed according to file #E167295 are accepted for this service under the terms of UL listing. A switch or circuit breaker, clearly marked as a disconnecting device, must be included close to the installation.



Don't touch any circuitry after you have connected the meter, because there may be lethal voltages on the circuit board.



Only adjust on-board switches or connections with the power turned off



Make sure all screw terminals are tight before you switch the meter on.



Only clean the meter's front with a soft damp cloth. Only lightly dampen with water. Do not use any other solvents. The behind-panel case may be cleaned with a dry cloth only, use no liquid or solvent on it.

Safety FirstDon't assume anything...... Always double check. If in doubt, ask someone who is QUALIFIED to assist you in the subject.

Introduction

Please contact us if you need help, if you have a complaint, or if you have suggestions to help us improve our products or services.

If you contact us about a product you already have, please tell us the full model number and serial number, so that we can give you accurate and fast help.

This product has a 3 year warranty. We will put right or replace any meter which is faulty because of bad workmanship or materials. This warranty does not cover damage caused by misuse or accident.

If you return a unit for repair, please include a detailed description of the problem, and the name of a contact who we can refer to for any questions. Please mark for the attention of the QA Department.

<u>IMPORTANT</u>

If this equipment is important to your process, you may want to buy a spare to cover possible failure or accidental damage in the future.

This is because during factory shutdown periods, you may have to to wait several weeks for an equivalent replacement, or we may have no stock at the time you urgently need it.

You may also need to pay extra carriage charges if you want a fast, guaranteed courier service. Warranty repairs or replacements are usually returned with a standard courier service.

We do not offer compensation for losses caused by failure of this instrument.

If you do not agree with these conditions, please return this item in unused, condition, in its original packaging and we will refund the purchase price, excluding any carriage paid.

We thought you'd prefer to know about possible delays and extra charges now, rather than during a panic. A spare unit could help to avoid these issues.

We always try to improve our products and services, so these may change over time. You should keep this manual safely, because future manuals, for new designs, may not describe this product accurately.

We believe these instructions are accurate, and that we have competently designed and manufactured the product, but please let us know if you find any errors.

General Description

This series of meters accepts industrial sensors to allow various physical measurements to be made, such a weight, temperature, pressure, humidity etc. Different models are available for different sensor types.

The main function of this series is to give a numeric readout of the variable being monitored. Most models include an excitation power output, to power the sensor directly.

Various optional output modules are also available on the more advanced versions, to give alarm relay outputs, analogue output or digital communications, or any combination of these options.

Meters are programmed using front panel pushbuttons. The buttons may be locked with a rear switch.

Meters have two power supply options: 100-240 VAC or 11-30VDC

These meters are designed to mount into a protective enclosure which will protect users from contact with power and signal wiring.

These units must be installed fully assembled, and must be installed according to local electrical installation rules. When properly installed, they provide ingress protection to IP65 / NMA4X from the front

Safety



Caution: There is a risk of electrical

shock if this instrument is not properly installed



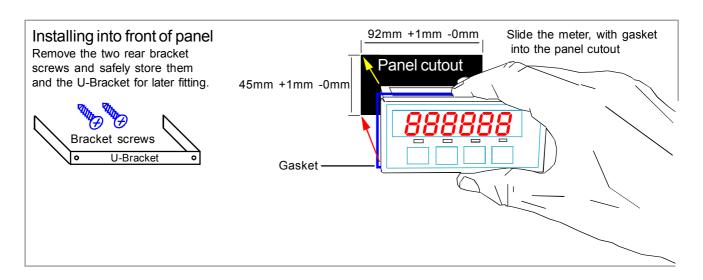
Caution: Risk of danger: Read the whole manual before you install this meter

Obey all safety warnings in this manual, and install the meter according to local wiring and installation regulations. Failure to follow these guidelines may cause damage to the meter, connected equipment, or may be harmful to personnel.

Any moving mechanical device controlled by this equipment must have suitable access guards to prevent injury to personnel if the meter should fail.

Panel Mounting and Installation - Class II

Install the meters in a suitable protective electrical control enclosure according to local wiring regulations. See specifications for maximum allowable temperature in enclosure. Allow adequate air circulation.



Securing into the panel

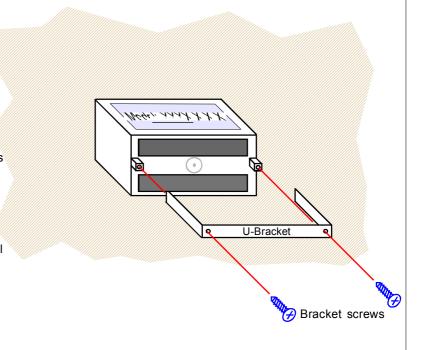
Re-fit the U-Bracket and tighten the bracket screws to firmly clamp the meter in place. Check that the gasket is evenly pinched between the meter's front bezel and the enclosure front

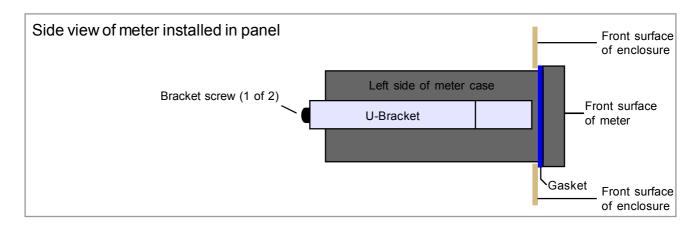
Ventilation

There should be sufficient ventilation in the enclosure to ensure that the meter's case is always kept to less than 60C.

Meter Spacing.

Meters should be spaced apart sufficiently to allow a free flow of ventilation air around the meters, such that no part of the case will exceed 60C





DIN Rail Mounting option

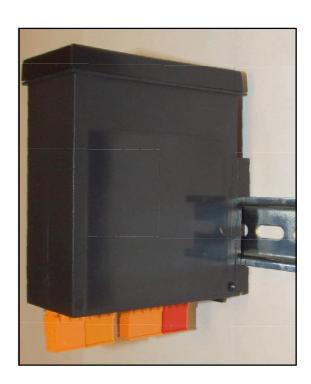
This series is ideal if you need high precision signal monitoring. Sometimes, there is not enough spare area available to have front panel indication, so in such cases, we offer a DIN rail mounting option, which allows the meter to be installed within a control panel.

Detachable connectors add to the simplicity of installation, and of course the setup method is identical to the panel mounting version, so you don't need to learn a new method.

The display remains active, so you can see at a glance the status of your signals, and programming is simple, using the 4 buttons.

Install the meters in a suitable protective electrical control enclosure according to local wiring regulations. See specifications for maximum allowable temperature in enclosure. Allow adequate air circulation.





Securing into the panel

Use standard top-Hat DIN rail 35 mm x 7.5 mm (EN 50022, BS 5584, DIN 46277-3)

Ventilation

There should be sufficient ventilation in the enclosure to ensure that the meter's case is always kept to less than 60C.

Meter Spacing.

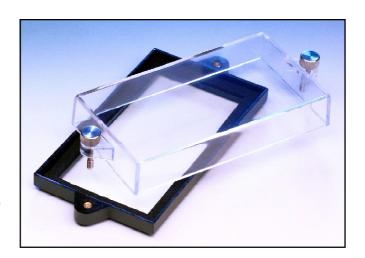
Meters should be spaced apart sufficiently to allow a free flow of ventilation air around the meters, such that no part of the case will exceed 60C

Other mounting options

IP67 SPC4

The SPC4 splashproof cover gives IP67 / NEMA4-X protection for the front of your meter. Ideal for use in harsh wet environments.

Available with optional security tag ports to allow you to fit your own crimped wire tamper-seals, to prevent or indicate unauthorised access (Similar to tags used on electricity meters)



Wall Box

The Wallbox is sealed IP65 all round, and is supplied with the meter installed, for you to wire to, via 3 cable glands. It comes complete with SPC4 splashproof cover.

We also offer a dual version of this enclosure, which can take 2 meters, one above the other.



PCC Series

The PCC series of Portable Carrying cases is ideal for housing your panel meters so that they can be used in the lab. These enclosure come fully wired, with panel meters fitted and with IEC switched power connector plus any input or output connectors, as required.

Versions are available to accept 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 16 meters



Wiring Advice

This meter uses detachable screw terminal connectors. Refer to the wiring diagram on the following page for the correct positioning of each wire.

The conductors you use must be suitable for the meter's temperature, current and voltage rating, which is broadly described as follows:-

Cable Temperature Rating

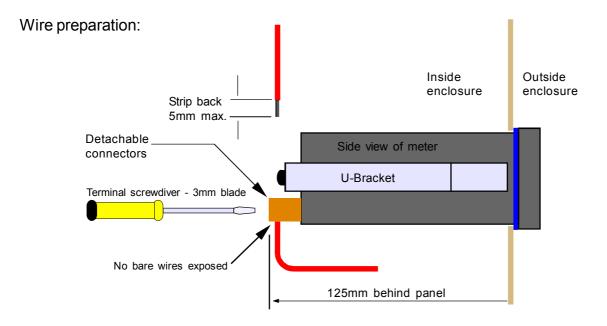
All cables must be rated for operation up to 90C continuous.

Cable gauge and screw tightness

The connectors on this instrument can accept conductors up to 16 gauge AWG / 1.5mm² c.s.a. The minimum cross sectional area shall be 22 gauge AWG / 0.5mm². Tighten screw terminals to 7.0 lb/in torque / 0.8 Nm torque.

Cable insulation voltage rating

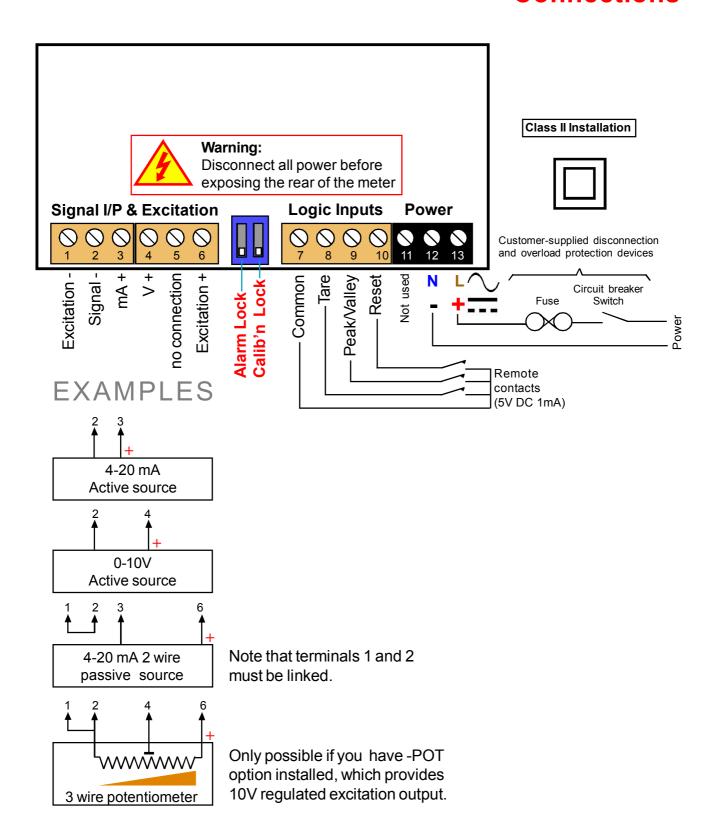
Cables shall have an insulation voltage rating of at least 380V continuous.



We recommend multi-strand wire, because it withstands vibration better than single strand cable. Pull the wire firmly after you make the connection to confirm it is tight.

Use screened cable for all signal and control wiring and connect the screen to earth at the destination end only. Route signal cabling away from power cabling and relay switching cabling, to avoid electrical noise interference.

Connections

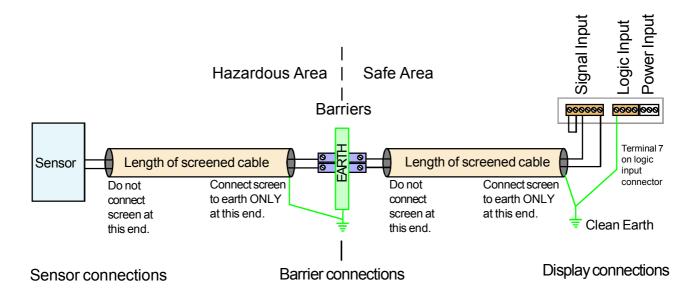


Installation hints for best performance

This section offers several suggestions which will help you get the best performance from your measurement system.

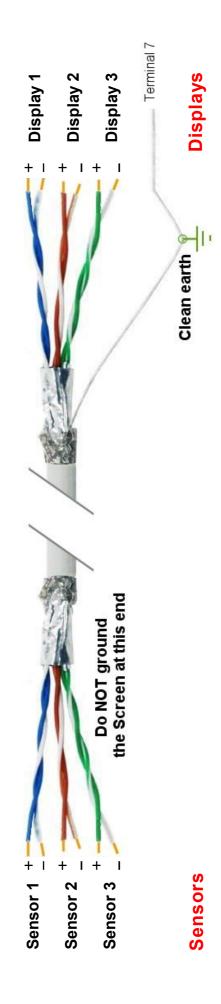
Some sensors generate comparitively small signals which can easily be corrupted by the potentially high level of electrical noise which can be created by electrical machinery such as motors, welding systems, discharge lighting, AC power inverters and solenoids. These steps will ensure you get the best possible performance from your system.

- Use good quality screened signal cable, with twisted pairs. Belden 8777NH, Belden 9503 and AlphaWire 6010C are good choices, available from many electrical distributors.
- 2. If you are using multi-pair twisted cable, each pair should be dedicated to a single display as shown opposite, for maximum noise immunity. This will ensure that any electrical noise induced in the cable is properly cancelled. Mixing destinations carelessly amongst the twisted pairs can actually worsen noise performance.
- 3. The cable should be routed away from noisy wiring and devices such as power feeds from inverters, discharge-lighting cables, welder cabling etc, and should preferrably be routed in a dedicated low voltage signalling/instrumentation conduit or cable tray.
- 4. Screened cable should be earthed at the display end only.
- 5. All wires and screens coming out of the screened cable should be kept as short as possible to minimise pickup of noise.
- 6. If you are using barriers, you should earth your screen as shown below, paying particular care that you do not earth both ends of any run of of cable.



When using multi-core screened cable to connect several displays to several sensors, please be sure to use one twisted pair for each display and sensor.

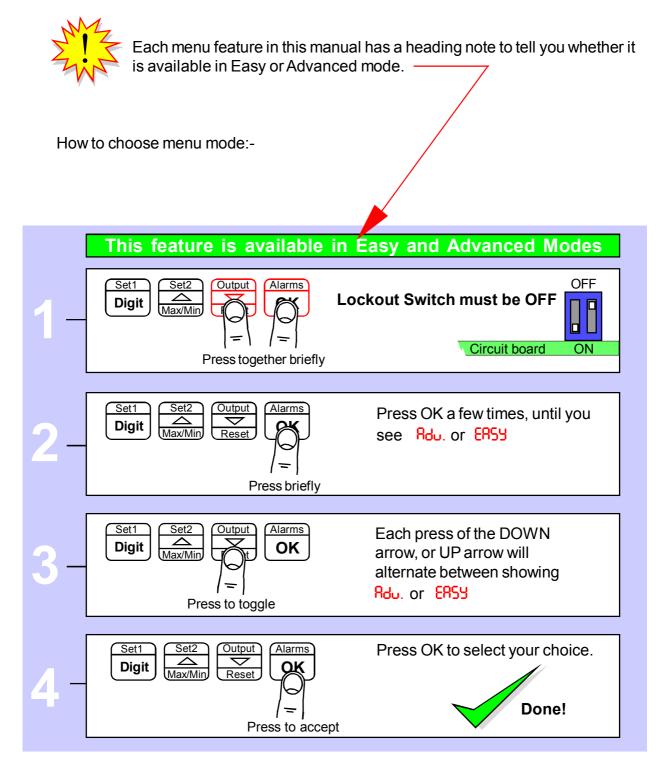
Do NOT use a wire from one pair for signal positive and a wire from another pair for signal negative, as this will prevent the twisted cables form cancelling any induced electrical noise.



Easy or Advanced menu mode

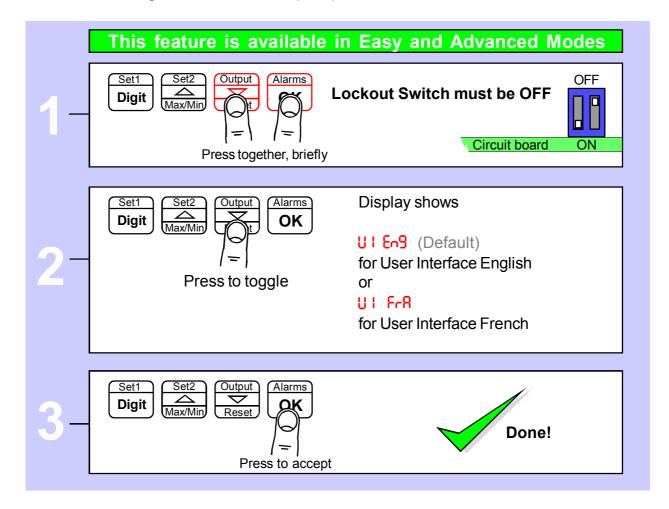
You can choose from two menu modes.

- **1. Easy Mode** This limits the menu to the most commonly required features, in order to make it less complex and easier to navigate. This is the default level.
- 2. Advanced Mode This gives you access to all available menu features.



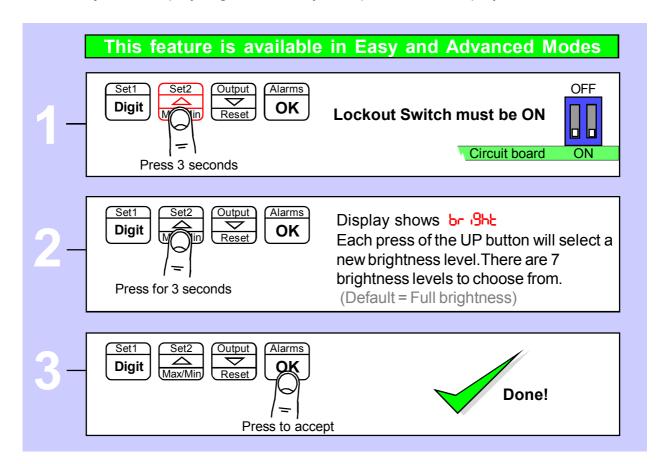
Language Selection for user interface

You can select English or French menu prompts.



Display Brightness

You can adjust the display brightness at any time, provided the display is locked.





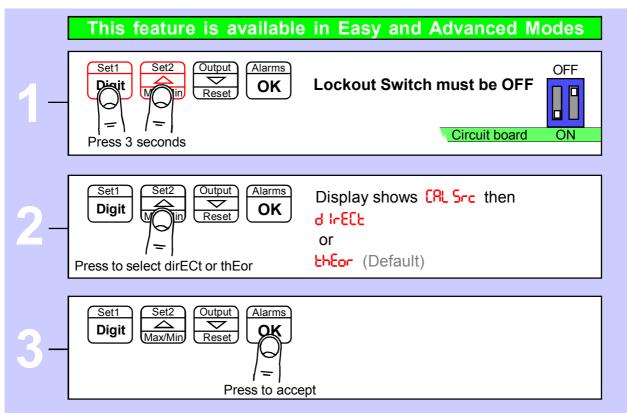
Did you know, we make this display in two brightness versions? Standard brightness for use inside, and Daylight Viewing for use outside in direct sunlight. The Daylight Viewing version has suffix -DLV in its part number.

Meter Calibration Modes

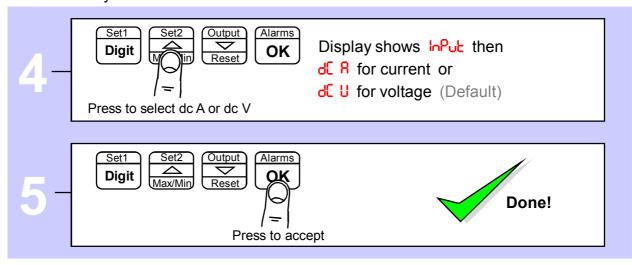
You can choose from two main calibration methods.

- **1. Direct Calibration** this is when you connect the meter to your system and make the meter read what you want it to, at 2 different points. *This is the preferred calibration method, because it allows you to calibrate the system as a whole.*
- **2. Theoretical Calibration** this is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the bottom and top of its range and then type in the value the display should show, for each signal level.

How to choose a calibration method:-



If you chose Theoretical, you will now be asked whether your input signal will be DC Current or DC voltage ... the display will show InPut followed by dt R or dt U



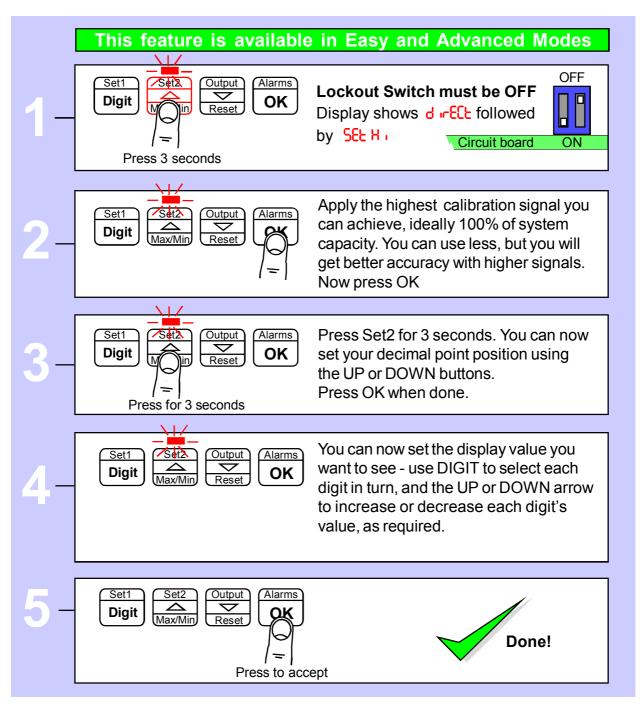
Direct Calibration - Full Scale Setting

This is when you connect the meter to your system and make the meter read what you want it to, at 2 different points. This is the preferred calibration method, because it allows you to calibrate the system as a whole.

How to do direct calibration:-

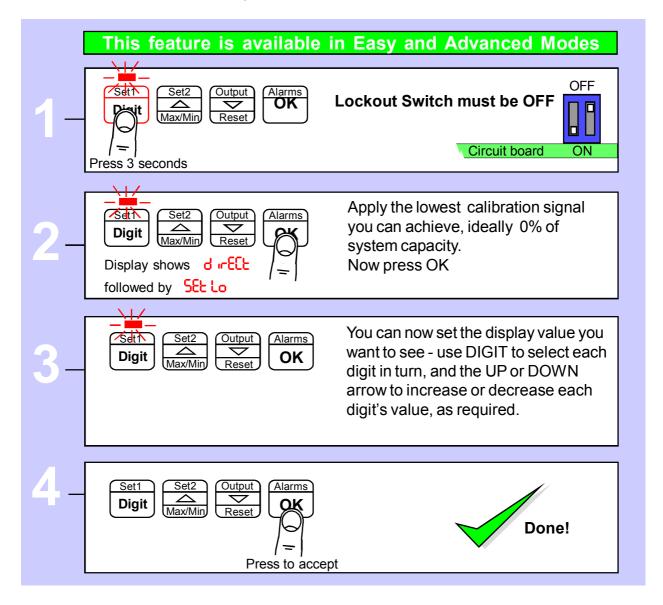
If you have not done so before, please select Direct Calibration mode from the previous page.

First we recommend you set the **FULL SCALE** calibration ...



Direct Calibration - Zero Setting

How to calibrate the **ZERO** point.



You can set Zero first, if you prefer, but you will not be able to change the decimal point position in the ZERO calibration step.

This will not be an issue if your zero calibration reading is 0, but may become confusing otherwise.

When you have finished your calibration, please remember to put the calibration lockout switch in its ON position, to protect your settings.

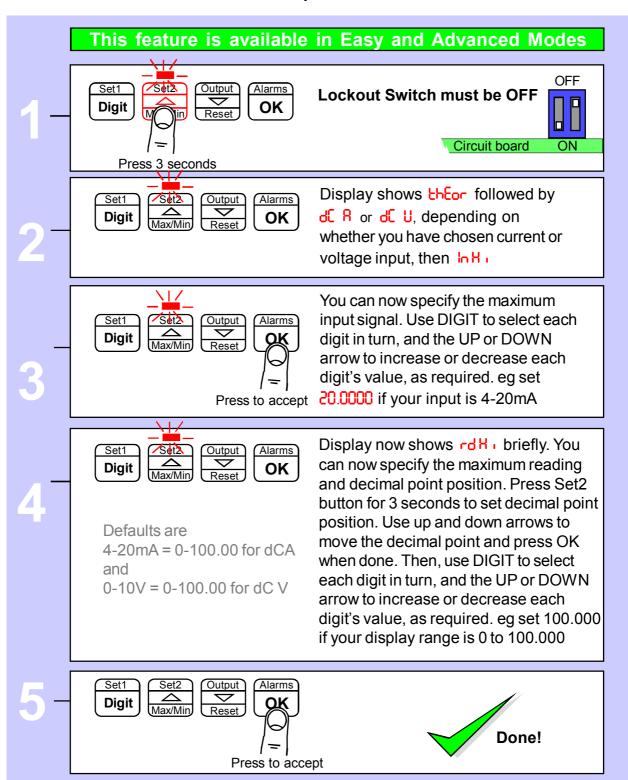
Theoretical Cal. - Decimal Point & Full Scale

This is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the top and bottom of its range and the value to display, for each signal level.



If you have not done so before, please select Theoretical Calibration mode from the **Meter Calibration** page AND choose whether your input is current or voltage.

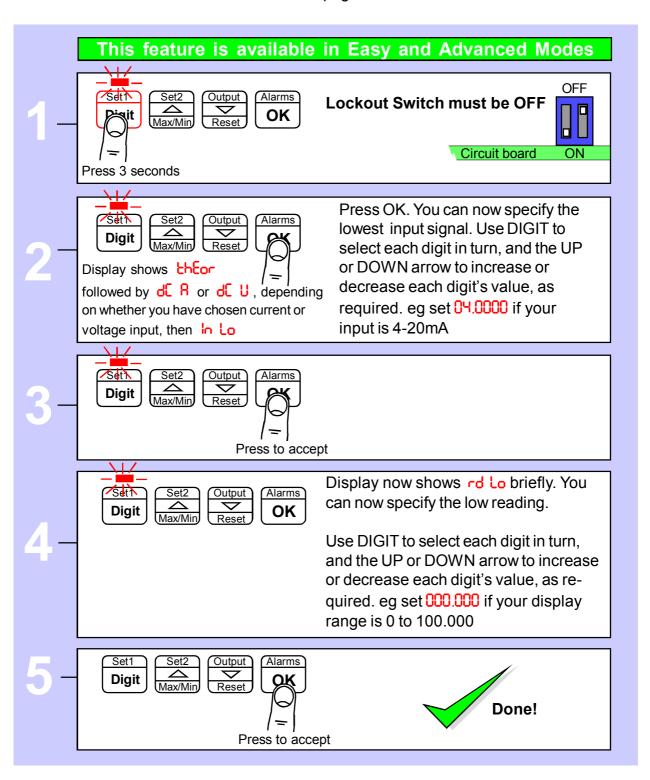
First we recommend you set the **FULL SCALE** calibration ...



Theoretical Calibration - Low end calibration

This is when you type in the sensor's theoretical signal level at the top and bottom of its range and the value to display, for each signal level.

If you have not done so before, please select Theoretical Calibration mode from the **Meter Calibration** page.



You can set Zero first, if you prefer, but you will not be able to change the decimal point position in the ZERO calibration step. This will not be an issue if your zero calibration reading is 0, but may become confusing otherwise.

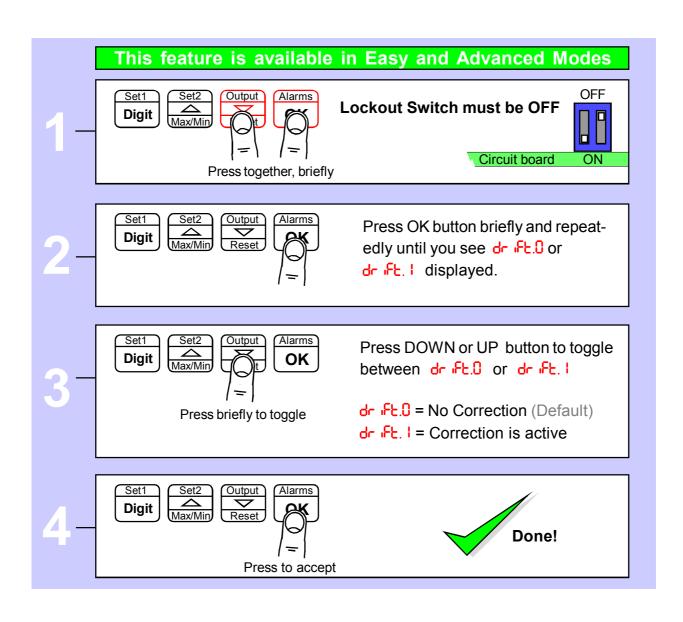
Sensor Drift correction

If your system is normally reading 0, for example as is typical with platform scales or a torque meter, you may find a small amount of sensor drift caused by changes in temperature, ageing etc.

We can automatically correct for slow, long term drift, by comparing your signal to 0 every 30 seconds, and re-calibrating to remove any detected movement.

This does not affect the sensititivity of your system, and is only applied for readings less than 8 least-significant counts.

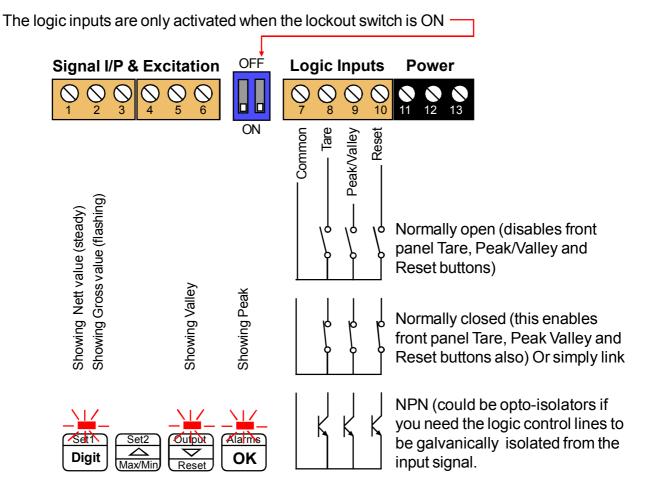
The corrected value is stored in non-volatile memory, so that any drift trend will be re-applied after you have switched off the meter.



Logic input connections and front buttons

The logic input provides a 5V DC signal. When you connect this to common, a current of 1mA will flow. Because this is a small signal, we recommend you use switches with gold plated contacts, or self cleaning contacts, for best long term reliability.

The logic inputs are not galvanically isolated from the input signal.



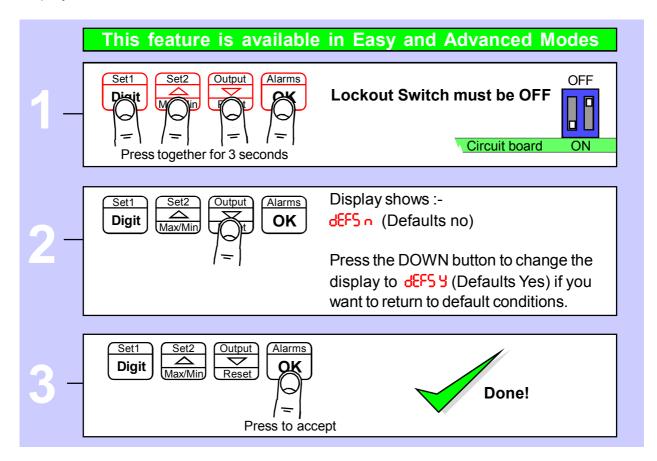
To enable the front panel buttons, you must connect the logic input for that function to common. If you want to have both front panel and remote tare, reset and peak/valley functions, you can use normally closed pushbuttons for the remote switches.

Tare =	Tares display to 0. Often used in weighing systems to zero a display prior to making a measurement. Net weight is shown once tared. When a display has been tared the small LED above the Set1 button will be illuminated.
Peak/Valley =	Allows you to view the maximum and minimum values which have been displayed since last reset. 0% LED illuminates when showing valley, 100% LED illuminates when showing peak.
Reset. =	This clears any tare, peak, valley, alarm latch

Factory Defaults

You can return the display to its factory default conditions whenever you wish. If you do so, you will permanently loose all your settings and will need to start from the beginning again.

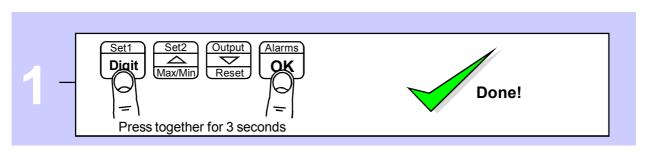
The calibration Audit Counter will NOT be reset, there is no way provided to reset this value, as it is intended as a secure record to indicate whether changes have been made to the display since it was last calibrated..



Calibration audit number

Your display includes a non-resettable counter which increments each time you make a change to the display's calibration. This is useful if you want to check whether a display has been altered since it was last calibrated.

The Calibration audit number starts at CAL 0 I up to CAL FF allowing up to 255 alterations to be recorded. Whenever you want to check the calibration audit number, press and hold the 2 outer buttons (Set1 + Alarms) for more than 3 seconds.

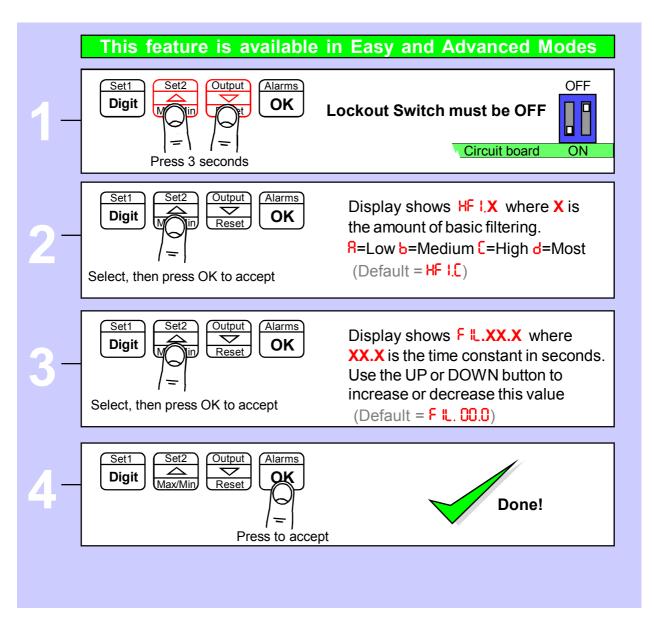


Signal Filtering / Averaging

You can adjust the filtering time constant to reduce the effect of noise or instability on your input signal.

A larger FIL value will give a more stable display, but the response to signal changes will be slower.

Because your output options, such as analogue output, alarm relays and serial output are all derived from the displayed value, they will respond at the same rate as the filtered display.

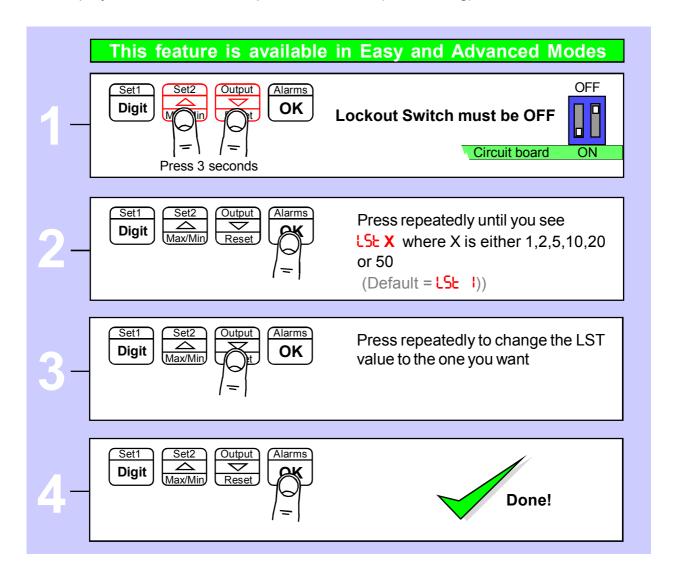


See also Filter Jump setting in the Advanced Menu, if your signal is particularly noisy and you cannot get sufficient smoothing with this filter.

Last Digit rounding up by 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50

You can adjust the way the display rounds up, which is useful if you want to display a very large number, but do not want jitter on the last digit.

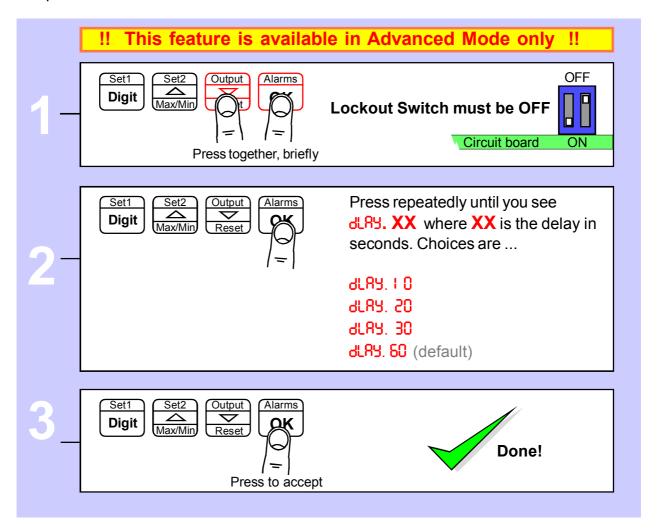
The display can be set to round up to the nearest 1 (no rounding) 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50



Menu timeout adjustment

The display has a default timeout of 60 seconds, to allow you sufficient time to refer to the manual between key operations.

You can make this period shorter, if you wish, once you become more familiar with the setup method.



Bootup routine choices

When you switch on your meter, it can be set to power up with 3 possible summary message combinations.

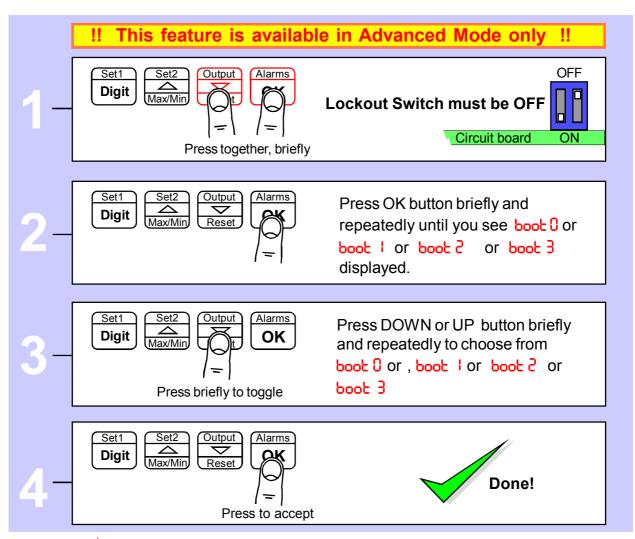
The choices are:-

Segment test, followed by a full summary of software revision, calibration audit number, model number, installed options.

book | = Segment test followed by model number (Default)

book 2 = No summary, meter displays the measurement value immmediately power is applied.

book 3 = Segment test remains permanently avive, until any button is pressed.





You can trigger the full summary message whenever you want, without having to power the meter off, by pressing and holding the 2 outer buttons (Set1 + Alarms) for more than 3 seconds.

Error codes and fault finding



1. Under Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is more negative than its limit of -199999



2. Over Range. The meter is being asked to display a value which is higher than its limit of 999999

These fault codes could be displayed because the signal is too negative, too positive, or because there is a wiring error, or because the display's scaling has been adjusted to give excessive sensitivity, or because there is a fault in the display.

a. If you are connecting a 4-20mA signal to the display, please measure the DC millivolt signal between terminals 2(-) and 3(+) Ideally, you will measure 132mV at 4mA and 660mV at 20mA.

If the voltage is much higher, there may be a problem with the 33 Ohm input shunt resistor.

You can verify this as follows...

Remove the input signal and power connectors to the meter, and measure the resistance between terminals 2 and 3. This should be 33 Ohms. If it is more than this, the resistor has probably been overloaded and burned by having a voltage connected across it. Please check your field wiring to ensure that no more than 30mA or 1V can be applied to the current input terminals.

Sometimes excessive current can feed to the current input of the display if your 2 wire 4-20mA transmitter is faulty or is wired incorrectly, because we rely on the transmitter to regulate the loop current between 4 and 20mA. The excitation power supply for the loop may have a much higher capacity than 20mA.

b. If the measurements above were satisfactory, the problem may be caused by the scaling being too sensitive.

If you are happy to do so, it is a simple matter to reset the display's scaling to the factory default conditions. Put the lockout switch off and press all 4 buttons together for around 3 seconds until the display shows "dEFS n". Then press the UP button once so the display shows "dEFS Y". Now press the OK button and the display will be reset to factory defaults.

If still no success, please return the display to us for the attention of our QA Manager, with a report of what you found, for repair.

Waste Electrical Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

In Europe, this equipment must be disposed of in accordance with European Parliamentary Directive 2002/96/EC

This directive encourages recycling and the reduction of waste materials in the environment.

This means it must be sent to an approved recycling plant if you want to dispose of it.

It must <u>not</u> be thrown away with general rubbish.



If you are unable to dispose of this item locally, you may send it to us for recycling.

Conditions:

- 1. We will only accept items of our manufacture.
- 2. You must pay for the transport of the goods to us.
- 3. We will only accept items if they include a signed declaration by an authorised person in your organisation, stating that:
 - i. The item is safe to handle and has no contaminants which may be harmful to health.
 - ii. You wish us to dispose of or destroy the item(s)

Equipment Specifications

Bezel size 48mm high by 96 mm wide (1/8 DIN)

Panel Cutout 45 mm high by 92 mm wide Case Depth 125 mm including connectors

Weight 300 grammes

Case Material Black polycarbonate

Connectors Detachable Screw Terminal connectors

Environmental Storage Temperature range -20 to +70C, non condensing

Operating temperature range 0 to 50C, non condensing

Front sealed IP65. Optional cover SPC4 for IP67. Allow 30 minutes

for the meter to achieve thermal equilibrium after switch-on.

Power 100-240 VAC, 45 to 60Hz or 11-30 VDC optional

Burden 10VA maximum

Input Signals (bipolar) 0-10V, 0-5V, 1-5V, 0-10mA, 0-20mA, 4-20mA 1 Megohm for voltage, 33 Ohms for current inputs

Accuracy +/-0.05% of range
Span tempco 25 ppm/Degree Celsius
Zero Tempco 30 ppm/Degree Celsius

24V Excitation voltage24VDC nominal rated at 60mA10VDC nominal rated at 20mA

Filtering / **smoothing** Selectable time constants of 0 to 25 seconds.

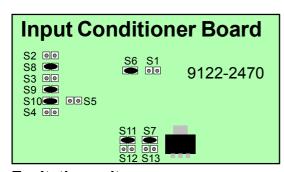
A/D conversion Sigma-Delta 10 conversions per second, 50/60Hz rejection

Resolution 1 in 400 000 max. over full range

Display update rate 10 readings per second.

Display Range (max) -199999 to +199999, depending on available signal level.

Input board jumper-switch selection



Default Input configuration switches

Link S8, S9, S10, S11. Open S2, S3, S4, S12

Excitation voltages

5V DC Link S11. Open S7 and S12 and S13

10V DC Link S11 and S7. Open S12 and S13 (default)

Excitation Ratiometry

Ratiometric. Link S6. Open S1 (default) Non ratiometric. Link S1. Open S6

Record of Revisions

6 September 2010	Version F0.18 Software released. Manual format revised to improve clarity and segregate easy from advanced menu functions. Optional outputs now described in their own dedicated manuals. DIN Rail mounting option added. Cabling guidance added.
17 November 2010	Version F00.19 Software released. Intended for use with 9122-2470 input board, having switched capacitor input filter feature. Code will auto detect this board. If a previous version board is installed, the meter will skip switched capaciter filter section of menu.
	The newly released 9122-2470 input board allows selection of 5V or 10V excitation.
26 November 2010	Version F00.20 Software released. Allows serial data output to derived fron Net or Gross measurement on full featured INT2-L versions
14 February 2011	Version F00.21 software released. Adds a permanent segment test routine to bootup choices
28 February 2011	Warranty increased to 3 years and terms added.

Notes

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Notes

Declaration of CE Conformity

Declaration Reference : INTUITIVE Mk2 Issue Date : 30 April 2007

Products Covered : INTUITIVE Mk2 series

Title : DOC-INTUITIVE2

This is to confirm that the Product covered by this declaration has been designed and manufactured to meet the limits of the following EMC Standard:

EN61326-1:1997

and has been designed to meet the applicable sections of the following safety standards

EN61010-1:2001



Conditions

The meters are permitted a worst case error of 1% of A/D range during electro-magnetic disturbance, and must recover automatically when disturbance ceases without the need for human intervention, such as resetting, power-down etc.

The meters covered by this certificate must be installed in adherence to the following conditions:-

Signal cabling shall be routed separately to power carrying cabling (includes relay output wiring)

All signal cabling shall be screened. The screen shall only be terminated to the power earth terminal at the meter end of the cable.

Declared as true and correct, for and on behalf of London Electronics Ltd.

J.R.Lees Director